LISTING OF CLAIMS

- 1. (Currently Amended) An oscillator circuit, comprising:
- a crystal oscillator circuit adapted to oscillate at approximately a predetermined frequency; and

a control circuit coupled to the crystal oscillator circuit for controlling a current level at which the crystal oscillator circuit operates, the control circuit selectively switching the current level from a first current level to a second current level different from the first current level <u>in</u> response to a timer circuit which measures a predetermined period of time following an occurrence of an event.

2. (Currently Amended) The oscillator circuit of claim 1, wherein:

the control circuit includes a timer circuit is capable of counting a predetermined period of clock pulses applied to the timer circuit.

3. (Original) The oscillator circuit of claim 2, wherein:

the timer circuit includes a control signal and the timer circuit may be placed in a predetermined state upon the control signal being in a certain logic state.

4. (Currently Amended) The oscillator circuit of claim 1, wherein the control timer circuit comprises:

at least two flip-flop circuits, at least one of the at least two flip-flop circuits adapted to receive a clock signal.

- 5. (Original) The oscillator circuit of claim 4, wherein the control circuit includes a control input coupled to the at least two flip-flop circuits, for selectively placing the flip-flop circuits in one or more predetermined states when the control input is in a logic state.
- 6. (Original) The oscillator circuit of claim 4, wherein a first of the at least two flip-flop circuits includes an output coupled to an input of a second of the at least two flip-flop circuits.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The oscillator circuit of claim 1, wherein the oscillator circuit further comprises a current source for sourcing a current to or sinking a current from the crystal oscillator circuit, the current source having a control input that selectively controls a current level sourced to or sunk from the crystal oscillator circuit, the timer eentrol circuit comprises a timer having a clock input and being adapted to count a number of pulses of a signal appearing at the input of the timer, and an output of the timer being coupled to the control input of the current source.
- 8. (Original) The oscillator circuit of claim 7, wherein the current source comprises a current mirror having a first leg and a second leg coupled to the crystal oscillator circuit, a current level in the first leg being set based upon a value of the output of the timer.

- 9. (Original) The oscillator circuit of claim 7, wherein the current source includes a transistor having a control terminal coupled to the output of the timer, and a resistive component disposed in a current path to which current is sourced to or sunk from the crystal oscillator circuit, the transistor having conductive terminals coupled across the resistive component.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The oscillator circuit of claim 1, wherein the control timer circuit comprises a timer circuit that is enabled to count following a power-up sequence.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The oscillator circuit of claim 1, wherein the control timer circuit comprises a timer circuit that is enabled to count following the circuit switching to being powered by a battery source.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A method for generating an oscillating signal, comprising: generating, at a first current level, an output signal to oscillate between at least two voltage levels at around a predetermined frequency, each voltage level corresponding to a distinct logic state;

receiving an input signal having a value indicative an occurrence of an event; and counting after at least a predetermined period of time following the input signal having the value indicative of the occurrence of the event, and

generating, at a second current level different from the first current level, the output signal to oscillate at around the predetermined frequency.

- 13. (Canceled).
- 14. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12 13, further comprising receiving a clock signal, and the step of counting comprises counting a predetermined number of cycles of the clock signal.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the input signal comprises a signal that resets at least one flip-flop circuit.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the second current level is less than the first current level.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the event is completion of a power-up sequence.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the event is a change in power supply.
 - 19. (Currently Amended) A system, comprising: circuitry responsive to at least one signal that oscillates at approximately a predetermined

frequency; and

oscillator circuitry adapted to generate the at least one signal at a first current and, subsequent to approximately a predetermined period of time after an occurrence of an event <u>as</u> measured by a timer circuit, at a second current level different from the first current level.

- 20. (Original) The system of claim 19, wherein the second current level is less than the first current level.
 - 21. (Original) The system of claim 19, wherein the event is a power-up sequence.
- 22. (Original) The system of claim 19, wherein the event is power being supplied to the system from a battery.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 19, wherein the oscillator circuitry emprises—a timer circuit having has at least two flip-flop circuits, the at least two flip-flop circuits having a control input for selectively placing the flip-flop circuits in one or more predetermined states.
- 24. (Original) The system of claim 23, wherein the at least two flip-flop circuits are selectively placed in a reset state based upon the value of the control input.
- 25. (Original) The system of claim 23, wherein the oscillator circuitry further comprises a crystal oscillator circuit and a current source coupled to the crystal oscillator circuit

so as to source current to or sink current from the crystal oscillator circuit, a current level of the current source being based upon a state of an output of the timer circuit.